Supplemental Materials

Methods

Baseline period

During the baseline period, both monkeys in a pair simultaneously completed both the spatial and object tasks five days/week (Monday–Friday) in separate chambers during the first (run-1) of the two daily behavioral test sessions. Immediately following run-1, vehicle was administered to both monkeys via the vascular access port, and 30 min later, they returned to the testing chambers and simultaneously completed the second test session (run-2).

Acute periods

During the first acute period, two monkeys received THC doses with a few differences from the ascending order. However, preliminary analyses revealed that the results from all seven pairs of monkeys were indistinguishable from the five pairs with ascending doses. All seven monkeys in the THC group received doses of 30, 60, 120, and 180 µg/kg; five animals also received 240 µg/kg. Each dose of THC/vehicle was administered for 3-5 days during a single week, with at least 23h between drug administrations and 71h, the approximate elimination half-life of THC (1), between each change in dose (see (2) for additional details).

During the first and second acute periods, and similar to the baseline period, both monkeys in a pair simultaneously completed both tasks during run-1. Immediately following run-1, THC or vehicle was administered to the monkeys via the vascular access port, and 30 min later, they returned to the testing chambers and simultaneously completed run-2. However, it should be noted that during the baseline phase (Week 0) there was a 12s delay, which was increased to 16s for the remainder of the study (Weeks 1-27).

Dose selection

Following the first acute period, monkeys assigned to the THC group received either 120 (n=3) or 240 (n=4) µg/kg of THC for the remainder of the six month study period. These doses

were selected based on the results of the first acute period, which revealed that the doserelated behavioral effects of acute THC-induced intoxication differed across monkeys. For example, while administration of 30 µg/kg similarly affected latencies to initiate trials and completion rates (≥96%) in all seven THC-exposed monkeys on the object task, administration of 120 µg/kg increased the latencies to initiate trials by 146% and completion rates fell to <88% in only three of the seven monkeys. Similar effects were found in the other four monkeys only after administration of 240 µg/kg of THC; i.e., the latencies to initiate trials increased by 112% and task completion rates fell to <86%. Performance measures on the spatial task also differed in a similar dose-related manner between these same two subgroups. These data indicate that the dose of THC that was acutely intoxicating (i.e., affected responding to stimuli) differed across animals, which is consistent with the substantial inter-individual variability of cognitive effects of acute THC administration in adult rhesus monkeys (3) and humans (4), as well as psychological measures in humans (5, 6). Moreover, the doses of THC that impaired spatial working memory task performance in the adolescent monkeys are similar to the typical dose of THC that is self-administered by monkeys (7, 8), the typical amount of THC that is consumed by young adults (9, 10), and doses that acutely impair performance of cognitive tasks in humans (5, 11, 12). Collectively, these findings support the use of doses that are known to acutely impair performance on cognitive tasks.

Statistical analyses

To model and analyze the 27 weeks of data, a segmented linear model was implemented (Supplemental Figure 1). For each individual delay, the model can be described by the following parameters: b11 denotes the slope of the phase I segment of the THC-exposed animals; b12 the slope of segment for phase II; and b10 is the intercept of the phase I segment. The quantities b01, b02 and b00 denote the corresponding values for vehicle monkeys. For each group, the phase I and II segments are joined at a change point (Kt for the THC group and

Kv for the vehicle group). The parameter b3 is the coefficient for the effect of the baseline measure.

Here we summarize in some detail the approach used for the modeling. After computing the primary weekly variables, we first graphed the working memory accuracy rate averages over time as presented in Figures 2A, 2C, and 2E, as well as the individual monkey profiles over time and separated by treatment group. Visually it quickly became apparent that for the singlereinforcement object trials there was no apparent difference between groups and little, if any, difference for double-reinforcement object trials. However, it was also evident that the groups differed on the spatial task. Because the purpose of the study was to examine any group differences over time, we next employed the nonparametric local smoother, LOESS, (seen in Supplemental Figure 2A) to the data shown in Figure 3A to remove the local variability in each trajectory. Both the LOESS curve and the raw data indicated that for spatial trials a linear over time model is problematic and that a distinct curvature was present in the smoothed time plots with two visually apparent phases. We choose to model this as a segmented linear model with just one "break point". This parsimonious model has readily interpretable parameters and includes the single line model as a sub-model. The fitted models are given in Figures 2 and 3, where the fitted values for accuracy are back-transformed values from the fitted logistic; a graph of the fitted model overlaid on the LOESS smooth of the raw data is shown in Supplemental Figures 2 and 3. These figures provide visual justification of the goodness-of-fit. In addition, this modeling allows us to see if a single line model provides a better fit in comparison to the segmented linear model by testing whether the slope before the breakpoint is the same as the slope afterwards. If the null hypothesis of equality cannot be rejected, then a single line is an adequate model and if one rejects the null hypothesis, then a single line is not a good fit. For spatial trials, the p-values for this test by delay and AUC for each treatment group were: p < p0.001 (vehicle) and p < 0.001 (THC) for 1s; p < 0.001 (vehicle) and p < 0.001 (THC) for 4s; p < 0.0010.001 (vehicle) and p = 0.002 (THC) for 8s; p < 0.001 (vehicle) and p = 0.215 (THC) for 16s;

and p < 0.001 (vehicle) and p = 0.012 (THC) for AUC. Once we established the suitability of the segmented linear model for spatial trials, we kept this model for single-reinforcement and double-reinforcement object trials for comparative purposes.

MLE estimation was used to estimate the model parameters of the segmented linear models and the variances of the appropriate random effects. Results in the paper are based on hypothesis tests involving each of the noted parameters and analyzed within each delay separately.

In order to compare the performances between the two groups across delays, a larger model encompassing all four delays was fit, taking into account the correlations within each animal. In this model, the intercept, slopes and change point for each group were estimated concurrently for all delays. Baseline working memory accuracy rate was also adjusted as a covariate. Due to the complexity of this larger model, only between-delays comparisons are based on it. However, the parameter estimates for this larger model are quite comparable to those from the within-delay models.

The analysis comparing the first and second acute periods was done using a corrected database. Based on the weekly working memory accuracy rates during both acute periods, the delays when run-1 working memory accuracy rates were low for each monkey were eliminated in a step-down fashion (2). To determine if run-1 performance was low or at chance level on either task or reinforcement conditions, we started from the 16s delay and tested the null hypothesis that for this delay, week and monkey run-1 accuracy rate was at the chance performance level of 25% versus the alternative that run-1 accuracy rate was greater than 25%. An exact binomial test was applied to obtain the critical value for each number of completed trials. If the number of correct trials for run-1 was greater than the critical value, then the performance for that monkey in that week was considered to be above chance for the 16s delay (and thus for all shorter delays) and all data from both run-1 and run-2 of that monkey were

included. If the number of correct trials for run-1 was less than the critical value, then the performance was considered to be low or at chance and measurements for both run-1 and run-2 at the 16s delay for that week were removed. If 16s delay data were excluded, we next stepped down to the 8s delay for that task to determine if the monkey's run-1 performance was above chance, and so on for each shorter delay. For example, if a monkey performed at chance on a task during a given week at both the 8s and 16s delays, but above chance at the 4s delay, all the data (i.e., both run-1 and run-2) from the 1s and 4s delays were included in the corrected data set, but none of the data from the 8s and 16s delays were included. After the elimination, the percent change in working memory accuracy rate from run-1 to run-2 of the remaining delays was computed through the following formula: percent change = [(working memory accuracy rate in run-2 minus working memory accuracy rate in run-1)/working memory accuracy rate in session 1] * 100%.

Modeling and analyses were done using SAS PROC NLMIXED for the main study and PROC GLIMMIX for the acute study.

Results

Spatial data

In the analysis of spatial trials performed to compare results across delays, no estimates could be made for the change point and second slope for the THC group at the 16s delay. Therefore, only one straight line was modeled for THC at the 16s delay in this combined analysis. Consequently, the difference in the change points between THC and vehicle at 16s delay cannot be estimated and compared to those of other delays.

Single-reinforcement object data

Results of single-reinforcement object trials were very similar to those of doublereinforcement trials. However, before the change points, the improvement rates of each group were generally not significantly different from 0, except for the vehicle group at 1s delay (slope was positive, p < 0.001) and 4s delay (slope was positive, p = 0.002) and the THC group at 4s delay (slope was positive, p = 0.007). After the change points, performances of both groups did not significantly change with time except for the THC group at 1s delay (slope was positive, p = 0.040) and 8s delay (slope was positive, p = 0.003). The THC group had no significant differences from the vehicle group in the phase I improvement rates and times to reach the second phase except for the 8s delay (p = 0.039 for a lower improvement rate in THC and p < 0.001 for a later change point in THC). There were no significant differences of accuracy rates at the change points between THC and vehicle groups. Analysis of AUC showed that the THC and vehicle groups had no significant differences in terms of slopes (phase I and II), change points, or AUC at the change point. The model including all 4 delays showed that the difference in the change points between THC and vehicle groups did not depend on delays except that this difference at the 1s delay was smaller than that at the 4s delay (p = 0.028). These results collectively imply that there were no THC on the single-reinforcement object trials.

Results for other variables of the spatial task

In addition to working memory accuracy rate, other measured variables included control accuracy rates, working memory and control completion rates, working memory and control reaction times, and initiation times. Control accuracy rate is the proportion of correct trials among the completed control trials for a given delay; completion rate is the proportion of completed trials among presented trials; and latency is the time difference between the appearance of the sample stimulus (initiation latency) or choice probe(s) (reaction latency) and the response.

Graphs of these variables gave no indication of the pattern seen in working memory accuracy rate. In order to have a general idea how these response variables changed after repeated THC exposure, summary tables (Supplemental Tables 1-6) at each delay for both groups are provided. In addition, to the four individual delays that are summarized, the weekly responses of a monkey were averaged across the four delays and denoted as "averaged delay". In the tables, the mean and standard deviation (SD) of the response at baseline, every four weeks after baseline until week 27 and the overall week 0 to week 27 are computed. The tstatistic and p-value for the comparison between THC and vehicle for each group of weeks are provided. As described in the main text, because THC did not have any overall apparent longterm effects on the working memory accuracy rate in either double-reinforcement or singlereinforcement object trials, summaries are provided only for the spatial task.

The tables show that the data for each of these measures in the two THC and vehicle groups were quite similar over time. There were only a very few scattered significant differences among these variables between the THC and vehicle groups, with no apparent trends in the pvalues.

References

- 1. Johansson E, Halldin MM. Urinary excretion half-life of delta 1-tetrahydrocannabinol-7-oic acid in heavy marijuana users after smoking. J Anal Toxicol 1989; 13:218-223
- Verrico CD, Liu S, Bitler EJ, Gu H, Sampson AR, Bradberry CW, Lewis DA. Delay- and dose-dependent effects of delta(9)-tetrahydrocannabinol administration on spatial and object working memory tasks in adolescent rhesus monkeys. Neuropsychopharmacology 2012; 37:1357-1366
- 3. Schulze GE, McMillan DE, Bailey JR, Scallet A, Ali SF, Slikker W Jr, Paule MG. Acute effects of delta(9)-tetrahydrocannabinol in rhesus monkeys as measured by performance in a battery of complex operant tests. J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1988; 245:178-186
- 4. Lane SD, Cherek DR, Lieving LM, Tcheremissine OV. Marijuana effects on human forgetting functions. J Exp Anal Behav 2005; 83:67-83
- D'Souza DC, Perry E, MacDougall L, Ammerman Y, Cooper T, Wu YT, Braley G, Gueorguieva R, Krystal JH. The psychotomimetic effects of intravenous delta-9tetrahydrocannabinol in healthy individuals: implications for psychosis. Neuropsychopharmacology 2004; 29:1558-1572
- 6. Morrison PD, Zois V, McKeown DA, Lee TD, Holt DW, Powell JF, Kapur S, Murray RM. The acute effects of synthetic intravenous delta(9)-tetrahydrocannabinol on psychosis, mood and cognitive functioning. Psychol Med 2009; 39:1607-1616
- 7. Tanda G, Munzar P, Goldberg SR. Self-administration behavior is maintained by the psychoactive ingredient of marijuana in squirrel monkeys. Nat Neurosci 2000; 3:1073-1074
- Justinova Z, Tanda G, Redhi GH, Goldberg SR. Self-administration of delta(9)tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) by drug naive squirrel monkeys. Psychopharmacology 2003; 169:135-140
- 9. Mendelson JH, Kuehnle JC, Greenberg I, Mello NK. Operant acquisition of marihuana in man. J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1976; 198:42-53
- 10. Bolla KI, Eldreth DA, Matochik JA, Cadet JL. Neural substrates of faulty decision-making in abstinent marijuana users. Neuroimage 2005; 26:480-492
- 11. Volkow ND, Gillespie H, Mullani N, Tancredi L, Grant C, Valentine A, Hollister L. Brain glucose metabolism in chronic marijuana users at baseline and during marijuana intoxication. Psychiatry Res 1996; 67:29-38
- Ramaekers JG, Kauert G, van Ruitenbeek P, Theunissen EL, Schneider E, Moeller MR. High-potency marijuana impairs executive function and inhibitory motor control. Neuropsychopharmacology 2006; 31:2296-2303

Supplemental Table 1. Summary of Control Trial Accuracy Rate Statistics for Spatial Trials												
Delay	Crown	Cummons	Week									
Delay	Group	Summary	0	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	25-27	0-27	
	THC	Mean	0.9536	0.9298	0.9407	0.9490	0.9574	0.9401	0.9780	0.9746	0.9521	
	THC	SD	0.0652	0.0759	0.0476	0.0486	0.0443	0.0356	0.0281	0.0475	0.0265	
1	Vehicle	Mean	0.9475	0.9427	0.9595	0.9499	0.9484	0.9759	0.9643	0.9206	0.9526	
1	venicie	SD	0.0587	0.0435	0.0450	0.0554	0.0468	0.0513	0.0610	0.1194	0.0323	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.1842	-0.3899	-0.7615	-0.0318	0.3701	-1.5139	0.5393	1.1113	-0.0332	
	IIIO-Vellicie	<i>p</i> -value	0.8569	0.7034	0.4610	0.9752	0.7178	0.1559	0.5996	0.2882	0.9740	
	THC	Mean	0.9125	0.9133	0.8926	0.9035	0.9425	0.9065	0.8637	0.8817	0.9017	
	me	SD	0.1175	0.0779	0.0669	0.0616	0.0679	0.1299	0.0928	0.1071	0.0495	
4	Vehicle	Mean	0.8548	0.8781	0.9166	0.9306	0.9051	0.9063	0.9101	0.8889	0.9039	
-	Venicie	SD	0.1318	0.0817	0.0821	0.0589	0.0825	0.0778	0.1016	0.1293	0.0667	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.8651	0.8230	-0.5987	-0.8414	0.9271	0.0052	-0.8925	-0.1126	-0.0708	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.4040	0.4266	0.5605	0.4166	0.3721	0.9959	0.3897	0.9122	0.9447	
	тнс	Mean	0.9250	0.9310	0.9084	0.9692	0.9274	0.9574	0.9464	0.9563	0.9412	
		SD	0.0878	0.0657	0.0872	0.0385	0.0566	0.0338	0.0337	0.0450	0.0222	
8	Vehicle	Mean	0.8631	0.8437	0.9012	0.9268	0.8963	0.9175	0.8827	0.8810	0.8921	
°,		SD	0.1544	0.1104	0.0727	0.0915	0.1284	0.0800	0.1789	0.1493	0.0911	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.9221	1.7987	0.1691	1.1321	0.5861	1.2183	0.9255	1.2790	1.3860	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.3746	0.0973	0.8685	0.2797	0.5687	0.2465	0.3730	0.2251	0.1910	
	THC	Mean	0.8921	0.9055	0.8708	0.9014	0.9161	0.9324	0.8667	0.9524	0.9043	
		SD	0.1030	0.0556	0.1207	0.0846	0.1110	0.0484	0.1646	0.0615	0.0436	
16	Vehicle	Mean	0.8325	0.8385	0.9019	0.9273	0.9354	0.9104	0.8887	0.8016	0.8893	
		SD	0.1101	0.1598	0.0876	0.0588	0.0513	0.0803	0.0841	0.2196	0.0700	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	1.0454	1.0478	-0.5526	-0.6630	-0.4177	0.6214	-0.3153	1.7497	0.4811	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.3164	0.3154	0.5907	0.5198	0.6835	0.5460	0.7579	0.1057	0.6391	
	THC	Mean	0.9208	0.9199	0.9031	0.9308	0.9359	0.9341	0.9137	0.9413	0.9248	
		SD	0.0819	0.0516	0.0636	0.0496	0.0382	0.0363	0.0615	0.0469	0.0306	
averaged	Vehicle	Mean	0.8745	0.8758	0.9198	0.9336	0.9213	0.9275	0.9115	0.8790	0.9096	
U		SD T Stut	0.0942	0.0829	0.0657	0.0517	0.0654	0.0639	0.0775	0.1210	0.0598	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.9820	1.1957	-0.4823	-0.1044	0.5080	0.2387	0.0597	1.2703	0.5985	
	The vehicle	<i>p</i> -value	0.3455	0.2549	0.6383	0.9185	0.6207	0.8153	0.9534	0.2281	0.5606	

Supplemental Table 2. Summary of Working Memory Trial Completion Rate Statistics for Spatial Trials												
Delay	Crown	C	Week									
Delay	Group	Summary	0	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	25-27	0-27	
	тнс	Mean	0.9960	0.9737	0.9696	0.9913	0.9714	0.9482	0.9702	0.9633	0.9708	
	Inc	SD	0.0069	0.0314	0.0485	0.0133	0.0626	0.1133	0.0190	0.0635	0.0280	
1	Vehicle	Mean	0.9942	0.9614	0.9772	0.9370	0.9495	0.9882	0.9457	0.9296	0.9578	
1	venicie	SD	0.0103	0.0839	0.0377	0.1146	0.0565	0.0112	0.0629	0.1296	0.0346	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.3814	0.3626	-0.3267	1.2459	0.6864	-0.9287	0.9896	0.6185	0.7743	
	IIIC-venicie	<i>p</i> -value	0.7096	0.7232	0.7495	0.2366	0.5055	0.3714	0.3419	0.5478	0.4538	
	THC	Mean	0.9924	0.9487	0.9563	0.9787	0.9742	0.9417	0.9375	0.9415	0.9559	
	nie	SD	0.0102	0.0600	0.0550	0.0254	0.0485	0.0818	0.0588	0.0706	0.0270	
4	Vehicle	Mean	0.9888	0.9491	0.9665	0.9365	0.9364	0.9772	0.9420	0.9147	0.9487	
-	venicie	SD	0.0153	0.0875	0.0479	0.1014	0.0740	0.0316	0.0724	0.1357	0.0433	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.5143	-0.0111	-0.3726	1.0696	1.1303	-1.0734	-0.1265	0.4635	0.3727	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.6164	0.9913	0.7160	0.3058	0.2804	0.3042	0.9014	0.6513	0.7159	
	тнс	Mean	0.9964	0.9560	0.9429	0.9689	0.9616	0.9169	0.9501	0.9494	0.9511	
		SD	0.0094	0.0440	0.0817	0.0385	0.0614	0.0990	0.0428	0.0782	0.0303	
8	Vehicle	Mean	0.9835	0.9400	0.9600	0.9353	0.9363	0.9651	0.9405	0.9077	0.9434	
Ŭ		SD	0.0186	0.0980	0.0590	0.1064	0.0867	0.0418	0.0700	0.1402	0.0559	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	1.6392	0.3957	-0.4512	0.7847	0.6299	-1.1868	0.3119	0.6867	0.3192	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.1271	0.6993	0.6599	0.4478	0.5406	0.2583	0.7605	0.5054	0.7550	
	THC	Mean	0.9924	0.9438	0.9246	0.9637	0.9586	0.9038	0.9345	0.9196	0.9381	
		SD	0.0144	0.0563	0.0911	0.0350	0.0644	0.0962	0.0419	0.0808	0.0383	
16	Vehicle	Mean	0.9683	0.9348	0.9565	0.9159	0.9124	0.9802	0.9092	0.8879	0.9310	
		SD	0.0424	0.0929	0.0562	0.1290	0.1205	0.0230	0.1143	0.1559	0.0670	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	1.4240	0.2176	-0.7889	0.9453	0.8950	-2.0443	0.5500	0.4783	0.2434	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.1799	0.8314	0.4455	0.3632	0.3884	0.0635	0.5924	0.6410	0.8118	
	THC	Mean	0.9943	0.9555	0.9483	0.9757	0.9664	0.9276	0.9481	0.9435	0.9540	
	-	SD	0.0095	0.0465	0.0668	0.0266	0.0588	0.0963	0.0342	0.0714	0.0291	
averaged	Vehicle	Mean	0.9837	0.9463	0.9651	0.9312	0.9336	0.9777	0.9343	0.9100	0.9452	
		SD	0.0205	0.0899	0.0496	0.1098	0.0838	0.0257	0.0766	0.1386	0.0492	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	1.2394	0.2406	-0.5322	1.0416	0.8476	-1.3277	0.4344	0.5683	0.4052	
	TTC-Venicle	<i>p</i> -value	0.2389	0.8139	0.6043	0.3181	0.4132	0.2090	0.6717	0.5803	0.6925	

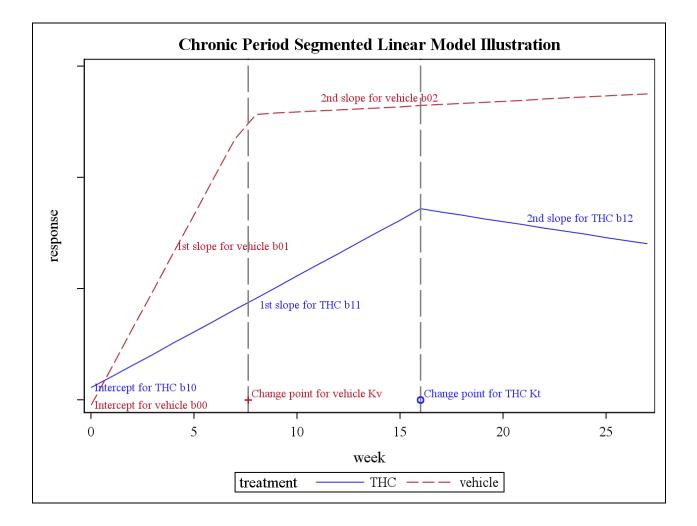
Supplemental Table 3. Summary of Control Trial Completion Rate Statistics for Spatial Trials												
Delevi	Crown	Cummons	Week									
Delay	Group	Summary	0	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	25-27	0-27	
	тнс	Mean	1.0000	0.9813	0.9768	0.9920	0.9836	0.9557	0.9702	0.9841	0.9782	
	Inc	SD	0.0000	0.0282	0.0390	0.0138	0.0433	0.1002	0.0291	0.0420	0.0241	
1	Vehicle	Mean	0.9929	0.9679	0.9509	0.9571	0.9464	0.9845	0.9405	0.8849	0.9513	
I.	Venicie	SD	0.0189	0.0850	0.0620	0.0693	0.0595	0.0201	0.1247	0.1846	0.0437	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	1.0000	0.3955	0.9352	1.3044	1.3375	-0.7477	0.6151	1.3868	1.4266	
	IIIO-Venicie	<i>p</i> -value	0.3370	0.6994	0.3681	0.2166	0.2058	0.4691	0.5500	0.1907	0.1792	
	THC	Mean	0.9911	0.9598	0.9839	0.9866	0.9676	0.9482	0.9286	0.9603	0.9632	
	me	SD	0.0236	0.0427	0.0310	0.0354	0.0450	0.0879	0.0815	0.0504	0.0316	
4	Vehicle	Mean	0.9911	0.9518	0.9884	0.9479	0.9580	0.9821	0.9077	0.9206	0.9535	
-	Venicie	SD	0.0236	0.0928	0.0218	0.0792	0.0564	0.0328	0.1153	0.1525	0.0389	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.0000	0.2082	-0.3117	1.1792	0.3489	-0.9573	0.3905	0.6537	0.5165	
		<i>p</i> -value	1.0000	0.8385	0.7606	0.2612	0.7332	0.3573	0.7030	0.5256	0.6149	
	тнс	Mean	1.0000	0.9527	0.9563	0.9565	0.9732	0.9512	0.9524	0.9325	0.9560	
		SD	0.0000	0.0277	0.0442	0.0650	0.0492	0.0637	0.0667	0.0750	0.0275	
8	Vehicle	Mean	0.9857	0.9455	0.9714	0.9268	0.9616	0.9696	0.9464	0.9206	0.9512	
°,		SD	0.0378	0.1235	0.0534	0.1129	0.0526	0.0336	0.0679	0.1525	0.0411	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	1.0000	0.1494	-0.5795	0.6045	0.4265	-0.6778	0.1655	0.1853	0.2548	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.3370	0.8838	0.5730	0.5568	0.6773	0.5107	0.8713	0.8561	0.8032	
	THC	Mean	0.9929	0.9277	0.9571	0.9682	0.9554	0.9461	0.9673	0.9881	0.9587	
		SD	0.0189	0.0540	0.0801	0.0393	0.0935	0.0822	0.0315	0.0315	0.0353	
16	Vehicle	Mean	0.9696	0.9402	0.9759	0.9321	0.9164	0.9836	0.9048	0.9048	0.9391	
		SD	0.0577	0.1043	0.0266	0.1251	0.1054	0.0207	0.1295	0.1828	0.0517	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	1.0120	-0.2815	-0.5879	0.7265	0.7322	-1.1704	1.2410	1.1889	0.8273	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.3315	0.7831	0.5675	0.4815	0.4781	0.2646	0.2383	0.2575	0.4242	
	THC	Mean	0.9960	0.9554	0.9685	0.9758	0.9699	0.9503	0.9546	0.9663	0.9640	
	-	SD	0.0069	0.0323	0.0451	0.0324	0.0560	0.0805	0.0444	0.0368	0.0275	
averaged	Vehicle	Mean	0.9848	0.9513	0.9717	0.9410	0.9456	0.9800	0.9249	0.9077	0.9488	
		SD	0.0288	0.0993	0.0352	0.0939	0.0645	0.0224	0.0970	0.1675	0.0428	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.9958	0.1018	-0.1445	0.9275	0.7534	-0.9399	0.7381	0.9031	0.7935	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.3390	0.9206	0.8875	0.3720	0.4657	0.3658	0.4746	0.3842	0.4429	

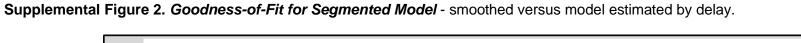
Supplemental Table 4. Summary of Working Memory Trial Reaction Time Statistics for Spatial Trials												
Delay	Crown	Summony	Week									
Delay	Group	Summary	0	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	25-27	0-27	
	THC	Mean	902.8	882.6	729.1	610.7	693.8	1214.6	848.2	874.1	837.2	
	THC	SD	427.9	281.8	300.3	297.4	353.0	1162.7	430.3	666.4	208.8	
1	Vehicle	Mean	908.4	826.5	762.8	1021.3	675.6	781.6	807.4	993.6	835.3	
1	venicie	SD	600.1	449.0	456.0	860.0	446.2	563.5	705.5	1104.0	497.0	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.0202	0.2798	-0.1629	-1.1940	0.0848	0.8867	0.1306	-0.2451	0.0090	
	IIIC-venicie	<i>p</i> -value	0.9842	0.7844	0.8733	0.2556	0.9338	0.3927	0.8983	0.8105	0.9930	
	THC	Mean	1829.1	1790.1	1616.5	1544.0	1343.9	1359.3	1615.8	1645.9	1565.9	
		SD	1268.2	989.8	696.7	587.5	646.4	460.8	1063.3	1179.9	677.1	
4	Vehicle	Mean	1627.3	1487.3	1020.4	840.2	1074.1	851.4	1160.4	1239.5	1110.0	
-	venicie	SD	962.8	676.8	606.7	414.3	275.3	354.9	694.0	1021.2	434.8	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.3353	0.6681	1.7072	2.5905	1.0158	2.3107	0.9489	0.6891	1.4989	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.7432	0.5167	0.1135	0.0236	0.3298	0.0394	0.3614	0.5039	0.1597	
	THC	Mean	1518.0	2059.9	1671.9	1552.5	1395.0	1584.9	1721.6	1533.8	1645.1	
		SD	744.4	1230.9	729.5	444.4	390.7	831.0	846.4	1091.3	722.1	
8	Vehicle	Mean	1924.9	1937.5	1489.3	1164.5	1200.2	1079.1	1260.0	1582.5	1399.8	
J.		SD	984.8	1074.3	1099.7	793.9	270.6	642.8	782.4	1580.7	713.9	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.8721	0.1981	0.3662	1.1284	1.0844	1.2740	1.0597	-0.0671	0.6391	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.4002	0.8463	0.7206	0.2812	0.2995	0.2268	0.3102	0.9476	0.5348	
	THC	Mean	1577.5	2632.2	2104.9	1866.6	1878.2	1992.4	2221.5	2090.9	2094.0	
		SD	688.0	1633.5	977.6	541.7	801.0	646.3	1177.7	1763.5	908.2	
16	Vehicle	Mean	1834.2	2132.4	1937.9	1535.2	1619.9	1212.3	1763.3	1247.8	1656.5	
		SD	863.0	1186.9	1630.4	914.7	673.2	752.3	1406.3	809.8	851.3	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.6154	0.6548	0.2325	0.8248	0.6532	2.0810	0.6609	1.1495	0.9300	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.5498	0.5250	0.8201	0.4256	0.5259	0.0595	0.5212	0.2727	0.3707	
	THC	Mean	1456.8	1841.2	1530.6	1393.5	1327.7	1537.8	1601.8	1536.2	1535.6	
averaged		SD	724.1	1005.7	621.8	387.9	494.1	498.8	790.4	1066.8	593.4	
	Vehicle	Mean	1573.7	1595.9	1302.6	1140.3	1142.4	981.1	1247.8	1265.8	1250.4	
		SD T Otat	758.8	828.6	928.0	689.2	368.6	536.2	825.4	1072.3	616.7	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.2948	0.4979	0.5401	0.8470	0.7952	2.0115	0.8195	0.4728	0.8815	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.7732	0.6276	0.5990	0.4136	0.4420	0.0673	0.4285	0.6448	0.3954	

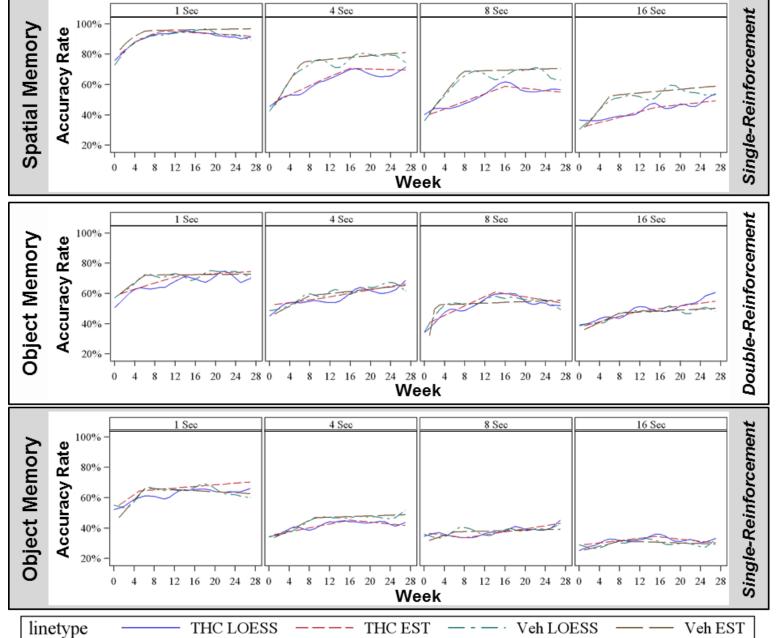
Supplemental Table 5. Summary of Control Trial Reaction Time Statistics for Spatial Trials												
Delay	Crown	Summore	Week									
Delay	Group	Summary	0	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	25-27	0-27	
	тнс	Mean	522.6	708.2	567.3	428.2	632.3	759.7	552.3	476.8	590.9	
		SD	149.8	230.0	331.7	120.1	326.3	622.7	344.4	138.2	179.1	
1	Vehicle	Mean	505.2	859.5	427.3	876.9	558.3	449.7	652.9	604.8	629.2	
1	venicie	SD	128.2	999.5	83.1	856.6	306.1	219.0	428.5	758.5	280.4	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.2332	-0.3904	1.0832	-1.3725	0.4373	1.2426	-0.4845	-0.4393	-0.3049	
	IIIC-venicie	<i>p</i> -value	0.8195	0.7031	0.3000	0.1950	0.6696	0.2378	0.6367	0.6683	0.7657	
	тнс	Mean	1451.1	1393.4	1642.5	1183.2	972.5	1249.8	1281.2	1929.1	1361.8	
		SD	640.6	510.7	929.6	419.3	341.8	413.6	505.8	1460.8	338.9	
4	Vehicle	Mean	1309.9	1207.6	787.5	1362.9	1035.1	842.4	794.0	1838.8	1105.2	
-	Venicie	SD	707.8	1101.8	461.2	1224.4	332.9	387.5	228.6	2116.1	365.1	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	0.3913	0.4047	2.1797	-0.3673	-0.3471	1.9017	2.3221	0.0929	1.3627	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.7025	0.6928	0.0499	0.7198	0.7345	0.0815	0.0386	0.9275	0.1980	
	THC	Mean	1285.5	1741.3	1788.6	1229.1	1465.1	1832.2	1213.5	2351.8	1622.2	
		SD	689.1	955.1	1217.4	435.8	616.8	799.6	549.7	951.9	455.8	
8	Vehicle	Mean	1602.1	1569.1	1354.1	1497.4	1590.5	1130.1	2423.3	1258.5	1558.4	
Ū		SD	1071.0	1018.1	679.4	1011.4	450.0	657.5	1279.8	838.8	636.1	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.6577	0.3264	0.8247	-0.6446	-0.4346	1.7944	-2.2980	2.2800	0.2155	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.5231	0.7498	0.4257	0.5313	0.6716	0.0980	0.0403	0.0417	0.8330	
	THC	Mean	1370.4	1820.2	1635.4	1261.8	1295.2	1591.5	2262.7	1278.6	1595.5	
		SD	739.3	891.2	1003.3	461.5	369.8	766.7	1688.7	973.2	582.8	
16	Vehicle	Mean	1435.9	1363.9	1314.1	1386.6	1185.2	1035.6	1850.1	1870.2	1399.7	
		SD	781.0	612.4	815.0	1161.2	494.9	589.6	1028.2	1579.8	544.8	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.1612	1.1164	0.6576	-0.2641	0.4710	1.5206	0.5521	-0.8436	0.6493	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.8746	0.2861	0.5232	0.7962	0.6461	0.1543	0.5910	0.4154	0.5284	
	THC	Mean	1157.4	1415.8	1408.4	1025.6	1091.3	1358.3	1327.4	1509.1	1292.6	
		SD	494.2	492.4	851.4	272.0	211.6	375.3	430.4	684.5	299.9	
averaged	Vehicle	Mean	1213.3	1250.0	970.8	1280.9	1092.3	864.5	1430.1	1399.2	1177.3	
a. or agou		SD	535.9	821.5	404.5	875.0	223.9	367.4	673.9	1162.8	400.4	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.2028	0.4579	1.2285	-0.7373	-0.0087	2.4880	-0.3397	0.2154	0.6094	
	Inc-venicie	<i>p</i> -value	0.8427	0.6552	0.2428	0.4751	0.9932	0.0285	0.7400	0.8331	0.5536	

Supplemental Table 6. Summary of Initiation Time Statistics for Spatial Trials												
Dalau	0	0	Week									
Delay	Group	Summary	0	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	25-27	0-27	
	THC	Mean	216.8	280.3	268.6	249.5	251.5	291.7	287.7	299.5	272.6	
	THC	SD	61.9	66.1	69.1	43.2	68.2	113.2	77.6	148.0	42.4	
1	Vehicle	Mean	269.3	287.4	288.7	293.0	283.2	223.8	303.0	320.5	283.8	
I	venicie	SD	123.7	169.6	114.6	128.2	93.6	38.9	125.4	191.3	67.2	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-1.0033	-0.1028	-0.3964	-0.8497	-0.7227	1.4987	-0.2732	-0.2305	-0.3733	
	IIIC-venicie	<i>p</i> -value	0.3355	0.9199	0.6987	0.4121	0.4837	0.1598	0.7894	0.8216	0.7155	
	тнс	Mean	210.4	289.4	269.5	249.0	246.2	272.8	294.3	305.8	271.9	
	IIIC	SD	56.7	78.1	70.3	39.2	65.8	59.5	82.8	154.8	46.7	
4	Vehicle	Mean	269.6	297.4	293.2	264.3	291.2	225.2	303.3	343.6	285.7	
4	Venicie	SD	120.1	189.7	131.0	78.2	93.6	35.3	133.7	277.1	71.1	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-1.1777	-0.1032	-0.4219	-0.4611	-1.0409	1.8174	-0.1507	-0.3157	-0.4293	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.2617	0.9195	0.6805	0.6530	0.3185	0.0942	0.8827	0.7576	0.6753	
	THC	Mean	205.0	279.1	274.6	251.1	248.4	260.4	301.2	298.0	269.9	
		SD	59.3	72.9	60.5	35.2	65.3	42.0	90.8	155.7	46.0	
8	Vehicle	Mean	259.7	286.7	278.5	275.7	286.0	219.8	279.1	352.0	279.2	
Ŭ		SD	114.3	156.9	112.1	97.6	99.3	33.4	101.4	280.2	67.1	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-1.1241	-0.1153	-0.0824	-0.6274	-0.8366	2.0009	0.4300	-0.4456	-0.3027	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.2830	0.9101	0.9357	0.5421	0.4192	0.0685	0.6748	0.6638	0.7673	
	THC	Mean	211.7	275.0	271.7	252.7	229.5	293.4	282.0	310.8	270.0	
		SD	59.6	71.4	85.3	27.7	41.9	116.5	67.1	146.0	41.7	
16	Vehicle	Mean	261.0	286.0	279.3	292.8	286.1	213.5	284.4	297.0	275.7	
		SD	123.7	175.6	128.9	133.9	104.2	30.1	126.1	167.7	68.6	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-0.9493	-0.1532	-0.1296	-0.7765	-1.3339	1.7579	-0.0455	0.1638	-0.1873	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.3612	0.8808	0.8990	0.4525	0.2070	0.1042	0.9645	0.8726	0.8546	
	тнс	Mean	211.0	281.0	271.1	250.6	243.9	279.6	291.3	303.5	271.1	
		SD	59.0	70.8	70.6	35.8	59.2	80.9	78.6	150.6	43.7	
averaged	Vehicle	Mean	264.9	289.4	284.9	281.4	286.6	220.6	292.4	328.3	281.1	
		SD	120.0	172.7	121.0	107.8	97.3	33.3	120.5	228.5	68.1	
	THC-Vehicle	T Stat	-1.0661	-0.1190	-0.2611	-0.7184	-0.9921	1.7830	-0.0208	-0.2397	-0.3270	
		<i>p</i> -value	0.3074	0.9072	0.7985	0.4862	0.3407	0.0999	0.9838	0.8146	0.7493	

Supplemental Figure 1. *Illustration of Segmented Linear Model.* In this model, b11 denotes the slope of the first phase segment of the THC group and b12 the slope of segment for the second phase. The quantities b01 and b02 denote the corresponding values for the vehicle group. The two segments are joined at a change point (Kt for the THC group and Kv for the vehicle group). MLE estimation is used to estimate all four model parameters for each group. See supplemental text for details.







Single-Reinforcement Spatial Memory 10 Accuracy Rate 8 ¹² Week 16 28 0 4 8 20 24 Double-Reinforcement **Object Memory** 10 Accuracy Rate 8 6 ¹² Week 28 20 24 8 4 0 Single-Reinforcement **Object Memory** 10 Accuracy Rate 8 6 ¹² Week ¹⁶ 20 24 28 8 0 linetype THC LOESS THC EST Veh LOESS Veh EST ____

Supplemental Figure 3. Goodness-of-Fit for Segmented Model - smoothed versus model estimated by AUC.